

We will represent a vector $xi + yj$ in the form $[x,y]$ with Classpad.

Open the Math3 keyboard, tap  once, enter required components separated by a comma and tap **EXE**.

Note the comma is dropped.

Math3 keyboard showing the input $[2,5]$ and the command $\text{norm}([2,5])$.

To determine the magnitude of the vector, tap **Action**, **Vector**, **norm**

Action menu open, Vector selected. Sub-menu showing norm highlighted. Input field shows $[2,5]$ and command line shows $\text{norm}([2,5])$.

Tap **EXE**.

Result of the norm calculation: $\sqrt{29}$.

Determine a unit vector or convert into polar form in a similar way.

*Note that the use of **toPol** returns both the magnitude and direction of the vector.*

Result of the toPol command: $[5.385164807, 68.198590]$.

If an operation involves more than one vector, simply separate the vectors with a comma.

To determine the angle between two vectors or their dot-product, enter a comma between them.

To determine the Cartesian form of a vector given its magnitude and angle with the x-axis (eg 10 units at 30°) use **toRect**.

The angle must be preceded by \angle , found in the Math3 keyboard.

Tip: Set up Shift keys for the left and right vector brackets: [and]